You have been asked to start providing a quarterly report to library management including usage statistics. In addition to the usage data you get from your main ebook supplier, you also want to report on larger publisher collections.

1. How many publishers, excluding T&F, does 'Dummy Institution' have book data for in JUSP?
   **Answer:** 18

2. Ignoring T&F, up to which month is full data available?
   **Answer:** February 2017

3. Where would you go to check for any harvesting issues with these publishers?
   **Answer:** CURRENT PUBLISHER ISSUES.

4. Run the SCONUL returns report. Which publisher has the highest usage count in the academic year 2016/17 so far?
   **Answer:** Springer

5. Run last year’s SCONUL return and use the information to complete the chart below.

   ![BR2 total for publishers in JUSP by academic year](chart.png)
6. To find out the top 10 titles for academic year 2015/16 which report would you run?

   ![Image of report generation interface]

7. List the publishers of titles that appear in the top ten.
   
   **Answer:** Oxford University Press, Elsevier and Springer

8. Compare the top ten titles for 2015/16 and with those for 2016/17 so far, and note two titles that appear in both lists.

   **Answer:** The following all appear in both lists:
   
   - Oxford Dictionaries
   - Oxford English Dictionary
   - Oxford Dictionary of National Biography
   - Grove Music Online
   - Reference Module in Biomedical Sciences

9. What do you noticed about the titles appearing in both lists? Why would you need to consider resource type when comparing section requests?

   **Answer:** They are all large reference works such as dictionaries, encyclopedias and reference modules. A section for a dictionary will most likely be an entry for a single word, whereas other types of resource may be counting chapters. As these are also large publications, it is likely that they would to be referred to more frequently than say a textbook.

10. What other ways of summarising the data would be useful? (Discussion)